

||Shree Krishnayanamaha||
Likuchakula (Pejathaya) Panditacharya Pareekshe 2023-24
Level 1

MadhwaVijaya, Krishnamaala, Sangraha Raamayana



R1 Dec 12 2023

MadhwaVijaya

Sl No.	Question	Answer	Shloka	Storyline
Introduction to scripture				
1	What are the three incarnations of Lord Vayu?	Hanuma, Bhima, Madhvaacharya		
2	What is the name given to Sri Madhvacharya during the naming ceremony?	Vaasudeva		
3	What is the name given to Sri Madhvacharya when he entered Sanyasaashrama?	Purnaprajna		
4	What was the name given to Sri Madhvacharya when he was crowned in Vedanta Peetha?	Anandatirtha		
5	Who composed MadhwaVijaya?	Shri Narayana Panditacharya		
6	Which is the book that contains explanation (vyakhyana) of MadhwaVijaya written by the author himself?	Bhaava Prakashika		
7	Name the book of Narayana Panditacharya that is the essence of MadhwaVijaya?	Prameyanavamaalika		
Sarga 01				
8	What is the purpose of writing MadhwaVijaya by Narayana Panditacharya?	For Haribhakti (devotion to Lord) born from Guru Bhakti(devotion to Guru)	5	
9	What is the benefit of glorifying Mahatmas(great souls)?	Purification of mind (Mana shuddhi)	7	
10	What was more difficult for Hanuman than bringing the Gandhamaadhana mountain?	While bringing flowers for Shri Rama pooja	19	
11	What benediction(gift) did Shri Rama give to Hanuman for rendering service to Him?	Sahabhoga/Cohabitation (post of Brahma)	23	
12	The place where Hanuman is still engrossed in singing and listening to Sri Rama's glories (Rama Katha and Kirtan)?	Kimpurusha	27	
13	What happened when infant Bhimasena slipped out of his mother (Kunti's) hands?	Shatashringa mountain itself split into pieces	29	
14	Whom did Bhimasena kill while bringing Saugandhika flower?	Manimanta and many such evil people (angry men)	39	
15	In the Mahabharata war, who killed Duryodhana and the other sons of Dhrtarashtra?	Bhimasena	42	
Sarga 02				
16	As there is no incarnation of the Lord in Kali Yuga, who did Lord Naraayana order to incarnate for the protection of Kali Yuga?	The Omniscient Mukhyapraana	2	

17	What was the message given by Lord Anantaasana who entered an unskilled person and stood at the top of the flagpole?	Soon there will be an avatar/incarnation of a great personality	8	The third incarnation of Mukhyapranadeva
18	Which pious family (satkula) did Mukhyaprana deva choose to incarnate?	Madhyageha(Nadillaya)	9	Madhyagehabhatta's achievement
19	What is the original place of Madhyagehabhatta?	Shivalli village	10	
20	Where is Madhyagehabhatt's residence?	Pajaka Kshetra	11	
21	Whom did Madhyagehabhatta worship to beget a son who is a great philosopher?	Narayana	18	
22	For how many years did Madhyagehabhatta worship Anantaasana to beget a good son?	12years	19	
23	What are the vows that the Madhyagehabhatta couple took for the pleasure of the Lord?	Payovrata and others	21	
24	What is the place of incarnation of Mukhyaprana?	Rajatapithapura(Udupi)	24	Incarnation of Madhvacharya
25	Who are the sadhakas who donated the cow to feed milk to the newly born child Vasudeva?	Purvalaya(Mudillaya)	30	The talent of Vasudeva
26	What surprised people who witnessed a person bleeding due to the possession of a devil in the middle of their journey at night?	Nothing happened to this little child Vasudeva	33	
27	How did Vasudeva's elder sister pacify him when no one was at home?	By feeding cooked horse gram(Huruli) which was hard to digest	38	
28	What happened to the child Vasudeva who ate the horse gram given by his sister that is usually difficult for even adults to digest?	He was healthy and unaffected by the food he ate	41	
29	How old was Vasudeva when he went out of the house holding the ox's tail and causing chaos among all the family members?	1 year old	48	
30	Whom did Madhyagehabhatta get the loan from?	From the rich man who sold the bull	50	
31	What did Vasudeva give to pay off the debt of his father?	Tamarind seeds	51	
Sarga 03				
32	Where did Vasudeva go after leaving the house knowing that his mother was not paying attention to him in the middle of the relative's commotion?	Naduvairi(Nidiyooru)	2	The childhood pastimes
33	Where did Vasudeva go after bowing down to Lord Narayana of Kodavuru?	Temple in Talikode	4	The talent of Vasudeva
34	What is more beneficial than performing Ashwamedha yaga?	Paying obeisances to Shri Hari (Namaskara)	6	
35	Where did Vasudeva go after leaving the temple of Kodavooru and Tallikode?	Poorvalaya(Chandramaulishwara temple)	13	
36	What was Vasudeva's answer to his father's question about how he came to Kodavuru?	He was accompanied by his friend, Shri Hari	13	
37	Where did Vasudeva go after bowing down in Chandramaulishwara temple?	Paschimalaya(Anantaasana temple)	14	
38	What did Vaasudeva mention while he was having his first lesson on alphabet (Aksharabhyasa)?	Why repeat what was already taught and written?	19	The talent of Vasudeva
39	What did Madhyagehabhatta do to avoid the evil eyes (drishti), which could affect the talent of Vaasudeva?	He used to teach in solitude	20	

40	In which village/town did Vasudeva correct the mistakes in the lecture given by Shiva Bhatta?	Ghritavalli (Neyampally)	21	The stay at Guru Kula
41	Madhyagehabhatta did not mention the meaning of which word while giving a discourse?	Likucha	29	
42	Who died under Vasudeva's tender toe?	Demon in the form of a snake	38	
43	What is the family name of Vasudeva's Guru?	Poogavana (Totantillaya)	49	
44	What did Vasudeva do when the teacher scolded him for not studying properly?	He recited the Veda mantra without any mistakes and surprised even the Guru	52	
45	Whose headache did Vasudeva cure by blowing into the ears?	The son of his Guru	53	
Sarga 04				
46	Even though Madhvacharya had the ability and aptitude to punish the wicked, why did he accept sannyasa, that is devoid of these qualities?	That work will be done by Goddess Durga	3	Achyutaprekshacharya
47	What is the reason for Jagadguru Madhvacharya to accept a Guru?	To inform the world that finding a guru is a must.	5	
48	What is the reason for pure consciousness in Achyutapreksha?	Achyutaprekshacharya ate the pure rice/prasada made by Draupadi	7	
49	Achyutaprekshacharya's Guru ordered him to worship Narayana for philosophical knowledge. Which place did Achyutaprekshacharya choose for worship?	Anantasana Temple of Udupi	12	
50	According to Madhvacharya, what is the best time to accept sannyasa?	When complete Vairagya/renunciation is attained.	23	
51	How did the birth of another son to Madhyagehabhatta benefit Madhvacharya?	To accept sannyasa	27	
52	Why does Gangadevi come to Udupi's lake (Madvasarovara) every twelve years?	To inform the world about the significance of Madhvacharya	42	
53	After 40 days of sannyasa initiation, whom did Madhvacharya argue with?	Vasudeva	43	
54	What was Madhvacharya's answer to Achyutaprekshacharya's question that 'how did you recite the Bhagavata so beautifully, which was not even taught?' ?	He knew this in his previous birth	53	
Sarga 05				
55	What was the name given to Madhvacharya who won over the logicians by denouncing the doubts of the scholars in the argumentative meeting?	Anumaanatirtha	7	Argument skills
56	Who were the Buddhist scholars who visited Udupi for a debate?	Vadisimha, Budhisagara	8	
57	What did Vadisimha and Budhisagara do when they could not resist/defeat Madhvacharya and said 'let's continue the argument tomorrow'?	They left the town at night and ran away	15	
58	Who asked Madhvacharya to compose Brahmasutrabhasya?	Senior pontiffs of Likuchakula	27	
59	According to Madhvavijaya, where did Madhvacharya first visit after becoming a peethaadipathi?	Vishnumangala	30	Madhwacharyas yatra to south India
60	What did Madhvacharya say when Achyutapreksha questioned the ability of Madhvacharya who ate and digested 200 bananas after meal?	Digestion is caused due to the thumb sized agni in the stomach called as 'jataraagni'	33	

61	Who did Madhvacharya remember on the banks of river Payasvini?	Goddess Durga who bears the avatar next	35	
62	Madhvacharya spent his Chaturmasyavrata at Rameshwara along with---	His Guru	46	
63	Where did Madhvacharya go from Rameshwara?	Srirangam	47	
Sarga 06				
64	Vedic scholars defined Aitareya Sukta in a different way to deny the explanation of Madhvacharya. How did Madhvacharya react?	Madhvacharya said that meaning is also correct (because Veda has at least three meanings)	4	Madhvacharya's potency of Explanation
65	If Vedas have three meanings, how many meanings does Mahabharata have?	10	4	
66	What is Madhvacharya's challenge to the Brahmins who challenged him to tell the 100 meanings of Vishnu Sahasranama?	They should understand and translate what Madhvacharya has explained	6	
67	What was written by Madhvacharya before going to Badari ?	Gitabhashya	32	Madhvacharya's first pilgrimage to Badari
68	Madhvacharya, who composed Gitabhashya, dedicated it to whom?	To Narayana in Badari	38	
69	How many days did Madhvacharya perform Kashthamauna vrata?	48 days	45	
70	nedrisham sthalamalam shamalagham nasyatirthasalilasya samam va Nastivishnusadrisham nanu daivam nasmaduktisadrisham hitaroopam What is this?	Magnificent message written by Madhvacharya in Badari and given to his disciples	47	
71	How many times did Satyatirtha ask Madhvacharya the meaning of Aitareya Shruti?	Three times	50	
72	What did Madhvacharya do to Satyatirtha who followed him on his way to Uttar Badari?	He gestured with his hand to go back	52	
73	What happened to Satyatirtha who followed Madhvacharya for a long distance after which Sri Madhvacharya made hand gestures at him?	Satyatirtha reached Anantamatha	52	
Sarga 07				
74	Who did Sri Madhvacharya meet when he went to UttaraBadari?	Vedavyasa	16	Madhvacharya in Uttara Badari
75	Name the scriptures composed by Veda Vyasa.	Mahabharata, 18 Puranas and Brahmasutra	20	
76	Who was loved by Vedavyasa more than his own son Shukacharya?	Shri Madhvacharya	55	
Sarga 08				
77	Who praised the guru-disciple relationship of Vedavyasadeva and Madhvacharya?	Devatas	2	Madhvacharya in Narayanashrama
78	Where did Madhvacharya go after taking lessons from Veda Vyasa in Vyasa Ashram?	He went to Narayana Ashram	8	
79	What was the order given by Narayana to Madhvacharya in Narayanashram?	To write commentary on Brahmasutra	46	
80	Who were effulgent like 3 Vedas and 3 fires in Narayanaashram?	Vedavyasa Narayana and Madhvacharya	54	
Sarga 09				
81	Who accompanied Madhvacharya when he went from Narayanashrama to Vyasashrama?	Vedavyasa	1	

82	Who wrote the BrahmaSutraBhasya composed by Madhvacharya?	Satyatirtha	13	Madhvacharya who returned to Badari
83	Who saw the potential of Madhvacharya in the Vedic assembly near Godavari and accepted his discipleship?	Shobhanabhata	17	
84	What lesson did the surrendered Shobhanabhata learn from Madhvacharya?	BrahmaSutraBhashya	18	
85	What should be done to solve the obstacles that come on the way of students engaged in Shastra study?	Dharshan of Lord Krishna in Udupi	40	
86	What did Madhvacharya do when thirty people could not lift the statue of Lord Krishna? (The manifestation of the presence of Sri Krishna in the idol due to the touch of Shri Madhvacharya became evident in the form of heaviness)	Shri Madhvacharya effortlessly brought the statue inside the matha	42	
87	During yajna performed by Vasudeva (the son of Shri Madhvacharya's purvaashrama guru), who arrogantly mentioned that 'only I have the right to perform the yajna'?	Jaraaghatitagotra (Maradittaya)		
88	Who was the 'hotra' in SriMadhvacharya's Guru's son's yaga?	Brother of Madhvacharya	48	
89	What is the message of Yaga performed by Madhvacharya?	Karma is also the instrument for Aparokshajnana along with shravana and other sadhanas. (Performance of prescribed duties in the form of yajna is compulsory for seekers of knowledge.)	51	
Sarga 10				
90	Who was the king who asked ShriMadhvacharya to dig the soil but finally dug the soil himself?	Eshwaradeva	4	Strength of ShriMadhvacharya
91	Where is the unique verse with only one letter 'Nanenenanenenano' located?	MadhvaVijaya-10th Sarga	6	
92	Which river did Madhvacharya take his disciples to cross without using a boat but with his own power?	Ganges	8	
93	In which language did Madhvacharya speak to the soldiers who came to stop Madhvacharya's group from crossing the river?	Persian (Turushka) language	10	
94	What did the Yavana King (Persian king) do when he was surprised by seeing Shri Madhvacharya's charisma?	He gave half of his kingdom	18	
95	On whose order did Madhvacharya compose the Mahabharata Tatparyanirnaya?	as ordered by Vedavyasa	25	
96	Who crossed the river Ganga alone without getting wet and even without boats?	Shri Madhvacharya	30	
97	How many disciples of Madhvacharya, who thought they were the strongest, were handled and defeated by Madhvacharya simultaneously?	15 people	39	
98	Which is the place where Madhvacharya asked his disciples to dig the mud and showed them the magnanimous club (Mahagade) which he used earlier?	Kurukshetra	49	
99	Which is the place where Madhvacharya mesmerized everyone by making the tree blossom immediately after singing melodiously?	Govishaya(Pashupe)	53	

Sarga 11				
100	Why did Seshadeva and Sanakadis come to Madhvacharya?	to listen to Madhvacharya's discourse	1	The power of Madhvacharya's scriptures
101	What are the benefits of studying Madhvacharya's scriptures?	The ultimate benefit is Moksha, non-prominent benefits are Swarga etc.	6	
Sarga 12				
102	How did Mayavadis praise Madhvacharya's Bhashya?	Very simple and very powerful	13	
103	What is the common symbol found in all Madhva disciples?	Shankha Chakra and other Vaishnava symbols	14	
104	Who tried to commentate like Paundraka Vasudeva and lost when Madhvacharya made a commentary on the Vedas?	Pundarika Puri	35	
105	Who used to pronounce Vedas clearly following all the rules mentioned in the six Vedangas?	Shri Madhvacharya	39	
106	How did Pundarikapuri, who set out to interpret the Vedas, fail?	He failed to breakdown the words(do the padachedha correctly)	40	
107	Who was the librarian of Madhvacharyas books?	Shankara Panditacharya	42	
Sarga 13				
108	Who was the king who prayed to Madhvacharya and asked him to visit his place after completing Chaturmasya in Kodipadi?	King Jayasimha	2	Madhwacharya with Jayasimha
109	Which temple did Madhvacharya visit when he came to Kabenad (Kasargod)?	Madaneshwara (Madur)	9	
110	Madhvacharya's disciples would relieve their fatigue during the journey by seeing whom?	By seeing Madhvacharya	20	
111	What is the name of Trivikrama Panditacharya's father?	Subrahmanya Panditacharya	43	Trivikrama Panditacharya got Madhwacharya
112	What is the gotra of Trivikrama Panditacharya?	Angirasa	43	
113	Which epic poem was written by Trivikrama Panditacharya at a young age?	Ushaharana	48	
114	What was the message given by Trivikrama Panditacharya's father to him, who was a great scholar of Mayavada?	Nirguna Upasana (God is without qualities) of Mayavada is incorrect	52	
115	Trivikrama Panditaacharya stated "I alone will defeat Madhvacharya" to the mayavadis who came requesting for protection of Mayavada. Why?	to pacify the mayavadis	65	
116	What was Trivikrama Panditacharya's opinion after studying the scriptures of Madhvacharya without anyone's knowledge?	Madhvacharya's Siddhanta (philosophy) is the correct Siddhanta	67	
Sarga 14				
117	What did Madhvacharya do after his morning rituals?	Teaching	18	
118	Fasting for 12 years gives the same result as this, What is this?	Vishnupadodakaprashana	29	
Sarga 15				
119	Who was the scholar who argued with Madhvacharya for 15 days while he was delivering a speech on Brahma Sutra Bhasya?	Trivikrama Panditacharya	69	face to face
120	Which is the scripture composed by Shri Madhvacharya as per the request of Trivikrama Panditacharya?	Anuvyakhyana	88	

121	Which is another work composed by Sri Madhvacharya himself to convey the techniques of Anuvyakhyana?	Nyaya Vivarana	90	
122	Who amongst Sri Madhvacharya's disciples wanted to be the best and showed great dedication towards achieving it ?	Sri Vishnutirtha	113	Biography of Vishnutirtha
123	Name the mountain Sri Vishnutirtha went to which was impossible for humans to go?	Kumara Parvatha	119	
124	What was a special vow taken (resolution) among the Likucha clan?	Abide by Madhvacharya's instructions regardless of any reason.	136	
Sarga 16				
125	What was the source of brightness that was used by Madhvacharya to teach the lesson when the lamp went off at night?	From the tip of the toe nail	6	Shri Madhvacharya's brilliance
126	Name the place where Sri Madhvacharya cast his sight on the sea and the raging sea became calm like a lake?	Kanvatirtha	23	
127	In which place did Sri Madhvacharya bring rain during summer?	Saridantara (Idetude)	38	
128	What was Madhvaacharya teaching when the devatas showered flowers?	Aitareyopanishat	54	

||Shri Krishnarpanamastu||



Krishnamaala English Question Bank

S.No	Question	Answer	Shloka
1	The contents collected in Krishnamaala are selected from which scriptures?	Bhagavata, Harivamsa, Mahabharata - tatparyanirnaya, Mahabharata.	
2	What is the meaning of the word 'Bhagavan'?	Narayana is the one who is fully endowed with the 6 qualities of lordship, bravery, success, wealth, knowledge and science	1
3	Who are the 'Vindarakas'? On whose demand did the Lord incarnate for the eradication of evil?	Devathas Devathas	1
4	Who is the daughter of Nandagopa who was brought to the prison by Vasudeva?	Durgadevi	1
5	What are the 3 forms of Lakshmi who is the controller(abhimani) of sattva guna, rajo guna and tamo guna?	Sridevi, Bhudevi, Durgadevi	1
6	What is the meaning of the word 'Bhooma'?	Gunapurna (filled with good virtues)	2
7	What is the meaning of the word 'Shakata'? How did Krishna kill Shaktaasura on his Upanishkramana day?	Cart. Krishna kicked and killed him	2
8	When Krishna killed the demon Putani, who were the two souls inside her? What happened to them?	The demon 'Taataki' went to the eternal hell called AndhanTamasu and the apsara called 'Urvashi' went to heaven.	2
9	Who is Krishna's elder brother? Whose avatar is he? Who are his parents?	Balarama. Shesha (Avesha of Krishna's Shukla Kesha). Rohini-Vasudeva	3
10	Who is the asura who came in the form of a whirlwind, throwing sand into Yashoda's eyes	Trinaavarta	3

	and flew up the sky carrying Krishna with intention of killing him?		
11	Whom did Vasudeva send for performing the naming ceremony of Krishna at Nandagopa's house?	Gargaacharya.	4
12	What is the widely known meaning of the word 'Krishna'?	One who attracts his devotees. (Karshati Iti Krishna)	4
13	Who were the sons of Kubera who were cursed to become Arjuna trees later relieved while Krishna pulled the rope between these trees uprooting them? Who were the demons involved?	Manigriva, Nalakubara. Duni and Chamu are demons.	4
14	What was Krishna's plan to scare the citizens of Nandagokula with the intention of moving them to Brindavan?	He created his own thousand wolf forms from his body hair follicles.	4
15	Who are the Asuras who took the form of a calf, a bird, a donkey and a horse?	Vatsaasura, Bakaasura, Dhenukaasura, Keshi.	4
16	Where did Krishna send Kaaliya from river Yamuna?	Ramanakadweepa	5
17	How did Krishna extinguish the forest fire that broke out while grazing the cows?	He asked the cowherds to close their eyes and swallowed the forest fire.	5
18	Who was the tree demon who killed many cows with his poisonous wind?	Ugraasura	5
19	What boon was given to Kumbhaka's daughter Neela?	To marry Krishna first even before his upanayana.	5

20	How did Krishna win Neela in the Swayamvara?	Killed 7 bulls (Sons of Kaalanemi / Kamsa) who had a boon of immortality (avadya) from Lord Shiva	5
21	Who is the demon who disguised himself as a gopalaka to play with Krishna and his friend? Through whom did Krishna get him killed?	Pralambaasura. Balarama (Suklakesha avasha of Krishna).	6
22	Where did Krishna send the cowherds again to relieve their hunger, who returned back hungry from the Brahmins performing yajna.	To the wives of Brahmins.	6

23	Which mountain did Krishna lift to protect the cowherds from the torrential rains pouring from the samvartaka (pralaya) clouds? Indra, after realising his mistake, used whose milk to perform abhisheka to Krishna? What name did he glorify Krishna?	Govardhana. Surabhi. Govinda.	6
24	Why did the Gopis perform Kaartyayani vrata? What did Krishna bless them with? How old was Krishna then?	To get Krishna as a husband. He blessed them with 10 lakh children. 8-10 years old.	7
25	Who is Shankhachuda? What was he wearing? Whom did he kidnap & imprison in a cave?	Rudra's friend and servant of Kubera. Shankhachuda Mani. Gopikas	7
26	Krishna saved Nanda from a snake. What is the original form of that snake? How was its curse relieved?	Sudarshana Gandharva. By the touch of Krishna's feet.	8
27	On the day of Saadhanadvadashi, why did Varuna's servants arrest Nanda?	Bathed in the river at the wrong time.	8
28	Who is Vyomaasura? What was the offence committed by him?	Son of demon Mayaasura. Hid the cowherds in a cave.	8
29	Whom did Kamsa send to Vrindavan to bring Krishna to Mathura? What did Krishna hear from him?	Akrura. Kamsa's cunning policies.	8
30	Why did Narayanapanditacharya in Krishnamaala mention about the immaculate clothes worn by Krishna, when he entered Mathura?	Krishna killed the demon who had received Parvati's boon, disguised in the form of a washerman and he dressed himself in the immaculate clothes of King Kamsa.	9
31	Why did Narayanapanditacharya describe the offering of the sandalwood paste to Krishna while entering Mathura, in Krishnamaala?	To highlight the blessings received by Kubja (Trivakra) from Krishna	9
32	What is the significance of the garland(vanamala) worn by Krishna when he entered Mathura?	Indra sent the florist Sudhama, who offered the vanamala to Lord Krishna.	9
33	What are the names of the elephant and wrestler sent by Kamsa to kill Krishna? Who presented the demon elephant to Kamsa?	Elephant Kunalayaapeada Mushtika-Chanura (wrestlers). Jaraasandha	10
34	Whose children were Asti-Praasthi, the wives of Kamsa?	Jaraasandha	10

35	Who is the son born to Krishna & Kubja? Later whose charioteer was he?	Vishoka. Bhimasena	11
36	Who was Kamsa's father who was in custody of Kamsa? To whom did Krishna hand over the kingdom after killing Kamsa?	Ugrasena Ugrasena	11
37	How many arts did Sage Saandipani, originally from the Avanti region, learn in Kashinagar and in how many days did he offer it to Krishna?	64 arts. 64 days	12
38	Who swallowed the son of Sage Saandipani in Prabhasa Kshetra?	Shark form Paanchajana asura.	12
39	What did Krishna give as a Gurudakshina to Sage Saandipani?	Krishna gifted Saandipini's son who was swallowed by the demon Paanchajana.	12

40	How big is the demon Jaraasandha's army and how many times does he face Krishna?	23 Akshohini army. 18 times	12
41	When Krishna went to Gomanta mountain with Balarama, whom did he meditate on in solitude?	Parasurama.	13
42	When Garuda brought Narayana's crown which was stolen by Bali and placed it on Krishna's head on Mount Gomanta, what is the point we need to know?	There is no difference between Narayana and Krishna.	13
43	What was the community of kings in Vidarbha country united for? What did the kings do when Indra threatened them?	For insulting Krishna. All (except Daityaraja) surrendered to Krishna and performed abhisheka to him.	14
44	Whom did Krishna send to pacify the gopas and gopikas who were waiting day and night without sleep for Krishna?	Uddhava	13
45	What is the original form of Akrura?	Kishora, a Gandharva full of Brahma's charge (avesha)	13
46	Who set fire to Mount Gomanta?	Jaraasandha, Shishupaala etc.	13
47	Where is demon Srigalavaasudeva from? Who are his parents?	Kolhapur. Vasudeva-Dhanu.	13
48	Why did Krishna build Dwarka?	To free his Mathura devotees from the scourge of Jaraasandha.	14

49	Who was the son of Gargaacharya who performed penance with the intention of killing Krishna?	Kaalayavana	14
50	Why did Revathi's father King Revata go to Brahmaloaka in Treta Yuga? Whom did he get as a son-in-law in Dwapara Yuga?	To ask for a suitable groom for Revathi. Balarama.	15
51	Who is the father of Rugmini and Sathyabhama?	Bhishmaka and Satrajita	15
52	Who are the parents of Pradyumna and Samba?	Krishna-Rukmini and Krishna-Jambavati.	15
53	What was the duration of the war between Jambhava and Krishna?	21 days.	15
54	How did Satrajita get Syamantakamani?	By worshipping Surya (Suryanarayana).	16
55	Whose messenger was Vichakra? Who did he fight with?	Hamsa, Dibhaka. Krishna.	16
56	Who are the children of King Salva(Brahmadatta)? Where did Krishna send those children to? Who killed Brahmadata?	Hamsa, Dibhaka. To Tamas. Satyaki	16
57	Who were the Ghosts pushed to Kailasa by Krishna? Who sent them?	Rudra. Mahodara, Kundhari.	16
58	Who is referred to as Gada in Krishna's name Gadaagraja (Gada's elder brother)? What is his original form?	Gada, son of Rohini, brother of Balaram-Subhadra. Chanda is Vishnu's gatekeeper.	16
59	Worship of God and devatas should be done according to Devtakaksha taaratamya. Who are the Parashuklatrayas and who fulfilled their wishes?	Lakshmi, Brahma, Vayu, Saraswati, Bharati. Krishna	16
60	How did Bhimarjuna offer Gurudakshina to Drona? Then whom did Krishna send to congratulate them?	Drupada was conquered, captured and handed over to Drona. Kritavarma (Hardika, son of Hridika)	17
61	In which places did Krishna crown the Pandavas?	Hastinavati, Indraprastha.	17
62	Who killed Satrajita, the father of Satyabhama?	Shatadhanva	17
63	Whose Syamantaka bead did Krishna show Balarama and solve his doubt?	Akrura	18
64	Whose daughter was Kaalindi, one of Krishna's Ashtamahishi (queens)? What is her other name?	The Sun. Yamuna	18

65	What were the two forms of Neela?	Daughter of Kumbhaka then Nagnajit's daughter.	18
66	After 7-year-old Krishna married Neela, which 3 maidens did Krishna marry next?	Mitravinda (daughter of King Avanti), Bhadra (daughter of the king of Kekaya), Lakshna (daughter of the king of Madra).	18
67	In the meeting of Dwarka where the Pandavas, Kauravas and all the kings were present, who praised Krishna as the best among the best (sarvottama)?	Narada	19
68	Who are Narakasura's parents?	Varaha-Bhoomidevi/ Dharadevi.	19
69	Who did Krishna free from the captivity of Narakaasura and how did he pacify them?	16,100 princesses, and on their request he married them and blessed each of them with 10 sons and 1 daughter.	20
70	Who conquered Suraloka and Naagaloka?	Saamba and Pradyumna.	20

71	Who were the 16,100 queens of Krishna originally?	The sons of Agni who did penance to get Krishna as a husband.	20
72	What was Subhadra in Ramavatara?	Trijata who served Sita in Ashokavana of Ramayana period.	21
73	Whom did Krishna get Arjuna married to and what was the gift given by him?	Subhadra went to Indraprastha and gave Arjuna a handful of pearls and germs.	21
74	Who are the parents of Parasurama?	Jamadagni-Renuka	22
75	Where is Syamantapanchaka thirtha? What did Krishna do in Panchatheertha and how long did it take?	Kurukshetra. Ashwamedha Yaga, which takes about three and a half years, was done in 1 day. (Krishna is the ruler of all planets)	22
76	Whom did Shishupala, Dantavakra, Kamsa possess?	Jaya, Vijaya. Bhrigu	22
77	To whom did Parasurama, who killed the evil Kshatriyas, donate their land?	Sage Kashyapa.	22
78	When Krishna killed Dantavakra, who questioned Krishna about the entrance of his soul?	Arjuna.	23
79	Who killed Jaraasandha, son of Jara? How did Krishna congratulate then?	Bhima. By giving a tight hug.	23
80	Why did Krishna do penance on Shiva and get a son?	For the love of the wicked.	23

81	How did Krishna solve Arjuna's pride for burning Khandava Vana?	Humiliation through Jaraasandha.	23
82	Who were the 2 dual beings inside Shishupala and Dantavakra?	Shishupala-Jaya is the gatekeeper, Hiranyakashipu is the demon. Dantavakra-Vijaya gatekeeper, Hiranyaksha demon.	23
83	What happened to the souls of Shishupala and Dantavakra when they were killed?	Gatekeepers Jaya and Vijaya entered Krishna. The demons Hiranyaksha and Hiranyakashipu went to AndhanTamas (Eternal Hell).	23
84	Whose son was Paundraka Vasudeva and whose form did he take?	Vasudeva-sutanu(Kashyapa-diti), Vena.	24
85	Who did Krishna defeat and kill when he came back from Kailasa?	A demon named Paundraka Vasudeva.	24
86	Who died at the hands of Krishna after killing Paundraka Vasudeva?	Ekalavya (who tried to destroy Dwaraka) and Kashiraja's son Sudakshina (who tried to kill Krishna).	24
87	With whom did Krishna pretend to have a love fight?	Rugmini.	24
88	Whom did Balarama kill in Revatgiri? What are their original forms?	Mainda-Vivida, the monkeys of the Treta Yuga. Ashwini Devatas.	25
89	Who was kidnapped by Jambavati's son Samba?	Lakshna, daughter of Duryodhana.	25
90	How did Balarama threaten the Kauravas who kept Samba in custody?	He pulled Kurupura (Hastinapur) with his plough.	25

91	Who is Aniruddha? Who took him?	Son of Krishna's son Pradyumna. Usha, daughter of Banasura.	25
92	What happened during the release of Aniruddha?	Krishna defeated Banasura and the fire gods who fought on his behalf.	25
93	What is the original form of Ekalavya?	A monster named Manimanta.	25
94	To whom did Krishna marry Subhadra's son Abhimanyu?	Uttara, daughter of Virat.	26
95	What did Krishna do to Arjuna and Duryodhana who came to Dwarka asking for help in the war?	He agreed to become Arjuna's charioteer and gave Duryodhana 10 lakh Naaraayani army.	26

96	How did Krishna get Arjuna to join the war when he was tired of fighting?	he true philosophy, the importance of practising Swadharma, was preached through the Bhagavad Gita and the Vishwaroopa was shown to him	2.
97	What did Krishna do to 18 Akshohini's army with his casual observation?	He consumed everyone's life.	27
98	What happened to the heroes who fought for Dharma in the war?	They got a good gati by looking at Krishna.	27
99	How did Krishna fulfil Bhishma's vow?	By Holding the wheel in his hand.	28
100	How did Krishna treat the injured Arjuna when Abhimanyu was killed by the likes of Jayadratha	Arjuna was taken to Shiva in a dream and again preached Pashupatastra.	28
101	Why did Krishna take Arjuna to Rudra without he himself preaching?	Siva-Parvati are the gurus of Arjuna (original form- Indra).	28
102	What is the name of Krishna's conch shell? What happened to the sound of it?	Paanchajanya. The enemies were afraid.	28
103	What happened when Narakasura's son Bhagadatta released Vaishnavastra?	It fell on Krishna's neck as a Vijayanthimala.	28
104	What is another name for Shini's grandson Yuyudhana? From whom was he saved?	Satyaki. Bhurishrava	29
105	Who killed Jayadratha using Krishna's strategy? On whom did his head fall?	Arjuna. On Vridhakshatra (Jayadratha's father).	29
106	How did Krishna save the Pandava army from Ashwatthama's Naaraayanastra?	He asked them to put aside their weapons and bow down to Naaraayanasthra.	29
107	How did Krishna instil strength in Arjuna who was wounded by Ashwatthama's arrows?	With his embrace.	29
108	How did Krishna solve the dispute between Dharmaraja and Arjuna?	Krishna instructed Arjuna to scold Yuddhishtira and praise himself because "Abusing elders is like murdering them" & "Praising ourselves is like committing suicide".	29
109	Who's and what curse did Karna have?	Curse of Parashurama. If Karna fights by competition, he will be defeated.	30
110	How did Krishna save Arjuna from Karna's Naagastra?	Pushed the chariot down by 4 inches.	30

111	Who praised Bhima and who scolded him after seeing the action of Bhima who broke the back of Duryodhana?	Praised by Krishna, Balarama scolded.	30
112	Why did Krishna curse Ashwatthama who was Drona's son?	For releasing brahmashirostra into the womb of Abhimanyu's wife Uttara.	30
113	How did Krishna establish the rule of righteousness (Dharmarajya) after the war?	By Coronating Dharmaraja (Yudhisthira).	30
114	After the war, how did Krishna dispel Dharmaraja's delusion that he had committed a crime?	Dharmaraja was taught many principles by Krishna through Bhishma.	31
115	By whom did Krishna restrain Kali?	Bhima.	31
116	What did Krishna preach to relieve Arjuna's grief after the war?	Anugita	31
117	When Balarama turned away from Krishna in the matter of Syamantaka Mani, who misused that opportunity and what did he do?	Duryodhana Became a disciple of Balarama.	31
118	To which guru of Duryodhana did Krishna fulfil the wish by showing his Vishwaroopa?	Sage Udanka.	32
119	Which child born in Uttara's womb was dead due to Ashwatthama's Brahmashirostra but was brought back to life by Krishna because of her prayers?	Parikshita.	32
120	Who worshipped and begged Krishna to end his incarnation? Who did Krishna preach to before the end of his incarnation?	Brahma and other deities. Uddhava	33
121	What was the idea to kill all the Yadavas to end Krishna's incarnation?	Sages' curse	33
122	What is 'Krishna Nijachittapadme Dedipyate'?	Bhagavanta(Krishna) is constantly shining in the hearts of his devotees.	33
123	What does Narayanapanditacharya dedicate at Sriman Narayana's lotus feet?	Krishnamaala is dedicated to Lord Krishna, who was raised from the ocean of scriptures(Shashtra).	34
124	What are the original forms of Vasudeva, Devaki and Rohini?	Sage Kashyapa, Aditi and Surabhi.	
125	What are the original forms of Pradyumna-Mayavati, Jambavanta and Samba?	Manmatha-rati, Yama and Skanda.	
126	What are the names of the 4 demons who received boons from Parvati in Krishna Leela?	Trinavarta, Shakatasura, Putana, Keshi (Duni and Chamu).	

127	Who are the 4 demons who received boons from Rudra in Krishna Leela?	Vatsasura, Arishtasura, Chanura, Mushtika. (Shankhachuda, Hamsa, Dibhaka)	
128	Who are the 2 demons who received the boon from Skanda in Krishna Leela?	Bakasura, Pralambasura.	
129	Who are the 4 demons who received boons from Brahma in Krishna Leela?	Ugrasura, Vyomasura, Vichakra, Murasura.	
130	Who received a boon from Ganapati in Krishna Leela?	Dhenukasura	



Likuchakulapandithacharya Pareekshe 2023-24

Question Bank

ShivaStuti

S.No	Question	Answer	Shloka	Sarga
1	Five Forms of Rudradeva	Mahesha Tatpurusha Aghora Vaamadeva Sadyojata	03	
2	8 idols of Rudra	Earth, Water, Fire, Air, Sky, Sun, Moon, Priest	04	
3	Who is Sahasranayana?	Indra	08	
4	Who is dearest to Rudra?	Lakshmi-Narayana	09	
5	Who fight calling themselves shaivetes and vaishnavites?	Those who do not know the relationship between Vishnu and Shiva properly	09	
6	The result of glorifying Lord Shiva is	burning of all sins	10	

NarasimhaStuti

	Question	Answer	Shloka	Sarga
1	What is the meaning of 'Daha Narasimhasahya Veeryahitam may'	Let Lord Narasimha with unlimited potency burn all my sins	01	
2	What is the reason why Lord Narasimha's feet are red	due to the blood of Hiranyakashipu	02	
3	What is the power of the three worlds compared to Narasimha	A blade of grass.	12	
4	How are the sun and moon illuminated?	Through the light of Narasimha's eyes.	12	
5	What is the number of Narasimha's hands as praised in Narasimha Stuti	16	16	
6	The result of chanting this Narasimha stuthi is?	Annihilation of enemies, eradication of sins, removal of lust, greed, anger etc.	21	

Sangraha Ramayana – BaalaKhanda: Sarga 1-4

S. no	Question	Answer	Shloka	Sarga
1	Who composed Sangraha ramayana?	Narayana Panditacharya		1
2	Who is praised in the mangalacharana (introduction) of Sangraharamayana?	Narayana-Rama, Hanuma-Bhima-Madhva, Guru, Valmiki.		1
3	Types of lord's pervasiveness?	In all places, at all times, in all gunas. (deshathah, kaalatah, gunathah)	1	1
4	Who is Jaladhi Duhithuhu?	Lakshmidivi (Daughter of the Samudra raja).	2	1
5	Who is Deutavadyam? What does it mean?	Narayana. Destroyer of faults.	1	1
6	What do the waves represent if the ocean of milk is Madhwacharya?	Speech	5	1
7	What does the water represent in the Madhva ocean?	Pure complete knowledge.	5	1
8	Who existed even before the creation of the world?	Narayana and Ramadevi (Lakshmi)	8	1
9	Who glorifies Lord Hari during the pralaya, carrying the entire universe in his belly posing to sleep?	Vedas	9	1
10	Why did God create this world?	For the liberation of his devotees	10	1
11	The form of God who gives salvation?	Maaya-Vaasudeva	11	1
12	The form of the Lord who destroys the whole world during Pralaya (annihilation)	Jaya-Sankarshana	12	1
13	The form of Lord who creates the world?	Kriti-pradyumna	13	1
14	A form of Lord who maintains the world?	Shanti-Aniruddha	14	1
15	Lord who took 5 forms at the beginning of creation, took how many more forms later ?	Dasa-dwadasa-shata-sahasra- ananta or (10-12-100-1000-∞)	15	1
16	What is considered the body of Srihari?	Infinite Qualities	16	1
17	What is the evidence that there is no fault in the Lord ?	Veda-Vedanta-Purana-Itihasa-Pacharatra-Brahmatarka (logic)	18	1
18	The combinations of which raw materials was used by the lord for creation?	Combinations of the qualities (Sattvaguna, Rajoguna, Tamoguna)	19	1
19	What is the first tattva created by the lord?	Mahatattva	19	1
20	God's first creation?	Mahatattva (Brahma); Ahankaratattva (Shiva); Panchabhuta – Indrias(senses); Devatas	19	1
21	When all the tattvas and their presiding devathas failed to create the world what did they do?	Surrendered to Srihari	20	1
22	With what did the lord create the universe ?	From the tattvas within him	21	1

23	Why did Brahma who created Sanakadis get angry?	Sanakadis were not involved in the creation process	23	1
24	Why did the Sanakadis not involve themselves in the creation process?	Vairagya (renunciation)	23	1
25	What happened when the angry Lord Brahma meditated?	Lord Rudra was born from Lord Brahma's forehead.	24	1
26	Who is the father of Kashyapa, who is like the seed of this world, born from lord Brahma?	Marichi Maharshi	25	1
27	Who are the parents of vivasvan (Surya)?	Kasyapa-Aditi	26	1
28	What is the name of the Manu, the son of soorya?	Shraddhadeva (Vaivasvata Manu)	27	1
29	During the period of Dasharatha what were the purusharthas compared to?	Bull-Dharma; two horns-Artha & Kama; Yoke-Moksha (Salvation)	30	1
30	What are the four legs of dharma?	Tapah-Shaucham-Dhaya-Satyam or (Austerity,Cleanliness,Compassion & Honesty)	30	1
31	In the Ramayana, those who came to him did not go empty-handed, those who came to fight did not raise their heads. Who was this generous and brave king?	Dasharatha Maharaja	31	1
32	What is the Yaga performed by Dasharatha to beget children?	Ashwamedha	35	1
33	Who was appointed to bring Ritvija for Ashwamedha Yaga?	Sumantra (Minister of Dasaratha)	36	1
34	How did dasharatha welcome the brahamajnaanis who came to the yaga?	Without any false ego of being an emperor ,he paid obeisances with devotion.	37	1
35	Who are the five sages who came to Dasharatha's Yaga?	Suyajna , Vaamadeva, Jabaali, Kashyapa, Vashistha	1	2
36	Who told the story of Rishyasringa in the assembly of sages before being told to Dasharatha?	Sanatkumara	4	2
37	Who are Vibhandakas?	Son of Kashyapa, father of Rishyasringa	5	2
38	Who brought the pure celebrate Rishyasringa to their country?	King of Angadesha	6	2
39	Who was the king of Angadesha who brought Rishyashringa to his drought stricken kingdom to bring rain.	Lomapaada	6,7	2
40	How did the people of Angadesa bring Rishyasringa?	Women disguised as sages deceived him and brought him.	7	2
41	What happened soon after Rishyashringa entered Angadesha?	It rained	8	2
42	What did Lomapaada give in return to Rishyasringa who brought rain to his country?	His daughter Shanta	8	2

43	Who led the sacrifice of Dasharatha?	Rishyasringa	8	2
44	Who said earlier that Shri Hari will incarnate as Rama when the yaagya would be performed by Rishyashringa	Sanatkumara		2
45	As suggested by Sumantra, as ordered by Vasishtha, whom did Dasharatha bring for the sacrifice?	Rishyasringa muni		2
46	Where did Dasharatha perform Ashwamedha Yaga?	On the north bank of Sarayu River	13	2
47	What are the words heard continuously during Dasharatha's Yaga?	Sit, Drink, Eat, take	16	2
48	When does our karma become pure?	Constantly thinking of lord in Mantra, Tantra, upakarana, kartr, Agni, desha, kaala and so on.	18	2
49	Who was the priest who performed Dasharatha's horse sacrifice?	Vasishtha	20	2
50	Dasharatha donated as much Rugma as Arbuda. What is Rugma here?	Gold	21	2
51	Dasharatha donated durvarna four times the suvarna (gold), What is Durvarna here?	Silver	22	2
52	With which anusandhana (consciousness) did King Dasharatha bow down at the end of the Yaga?	May Vishnu be pleased with this sacrifice	22	2
53	What did Dasharatha give to the poor man who begged during the yaga?	Hand bracelet	24	2
54	Who got rid of his sins with the fire of Ashwamedha?	Dasharatha along with his wives	25	2
55	What was the Yaga performed by Rishyasringa to attain the perfection of Ashwamedha Yaga?	Putrakaameshti Yaga		2
56	Rishyasringa Muni performed the Yaga with which mantras?	Atharvasirsha Mantras	26	2
57	Who came during the yaga performed by Rishyashringa to accept haviss (oblation)?	Indraadi Devatas	27	2
58	Who prayed about Dhasharatha's desire of begetting sons, to the demigods during the Putrakameshti Yaga?	Rishyasringa		2
59	What is another reason for the devatas to bless Dasharatha with children?	For Lord to perform his pastime.	29	2
60	Where did the Devatas go after blessing Dasharatha during the Putrakameshti Yaga?	To Brahmaloaka	30	2
61	After the Yaga, what did the devatas pray to Lord Brahma?	To save people being tormented by demons	31	2
62	Who were the demons who got immortal boon from Lord Brahma?	Raavana-Kumbhakarna	32	2
63	Who is Raavana and Kumbhakarna's father?	Vishravas	32	2

64	Who was torturing the citizens with his twenty hands?	Ravana	33	2
65	Where did Ravana take all the great wealth seen in the world?	To the city of Lanka	36	2
66	In what way did Raavana give trouble to the devatas and sages?	Troubling them during meditation, Studies, Yagna-Yaagadis	38	2
67	Who did Ravana frighten and chase away like an elephant chases the goats?	Indraadi devatas	39	2
68	What did the four faced Lord Brahma say when the devatas complained about the trouble of Ravana and other demons?	Leave it up to the auspicious Srihari who always rewards and protects his devotees.	41	2
69	Where did Lord Brahma along with the Rudradi devatas come to pray to Srihari?	To the ocean of milk	43	2
70	Who is the one incharge of creation, maintenance, destruction, regulation, knowledge, ignorance, bondage, salvation to the entire world?	Srihari (Naarayana)	49	2
71	Who rose from the blazing fire in Dasharatha's Yaga?	As ordered by Narayana, a radiant person from Brahmaloaka	4	3
72	What did the radiant person who came from fire give?	Paayasa(sweet pudding) filled in a golden vessel	5	3
73	How much paayasa did Dasharatha distribute to Kausalya, Sumitra and Kaikeyi?	(1/2) part to Kausalya (1/4) + (1/8) parts to Sumitra (1/8) part to Kaikeyi	6,7	3
74	What was the order given by Lord Brahma to devatas during the incarnation of Lord Ramachandra?	All of you also incarnate to serve our Lord Rama	12	3
75	In which of the forms did the Devatas incarnate during Rama's incarnation?	Monkey, golangula (black-faced monkeys), bear & humans	15	3
76	Hanuman's father Kesari, Vaali, Sugriva are incarnations of which devatas?	Marutdevata, Indra , Surya respectively	22	3
77	In Ramayana, Chandra, Agni, Varuna, Vishwakarma, Ashwini devathas, Brihaspati Acharya, Sachidevi incarnated as	Vali's son Angada, Neela, Susena, Nala, Mainda-Vividha, Tara & Tara's sister Tare	17-21	3
78	The day Sri Ramachandra incarnated?	Chaitra masa, Shuklapaksha, Punarvasu nakshatra, day time	27	3
79	What were the 5 planets the topmost position during Ramachandra's appearance.	Kuja, Budha, Guru, Shukra and Shani.	28	3
80	Whose avatar is Lakshmana?	Incarnation of Sesha, Narayana's bed	32	3
81	The time when Lakshmana incarnated as the son of Sumitra	Ashlesha Nakshatra of Karkaataka masa		
82	Whose avatar is Bharata?	An avatar of Kama who is the abhimani of Narayana's Sudarshana Chakra	33	3
83	What is Kaikeyi's son Bharatas Nakshatra?	Pushya	33	
84	Whose avatar is Shatrugna?	Avatar of Aniruddha, abhimani devata of Narayana's Paanchjanya conch	34	3

85	Which forms of the lord were present in Lakshmana, Bharata, Shatrugna?	Sankàrshana-Pradyumna-Aniruddha	36	3
86	What does the word Rama mean?	He who gives happiness to all, who is always with Rama Devi etc.	44,45	3
87	What is the meaning of the word Lakshmana?	He who is endowed with all the signs of a sattvik (pious man)	46	3
88	What is the meaning of the word Bharata?	He who is full of all good qualities	47	3
89	How did Rama & Lakshmana, acting like a servant of the Guru, appear to the common people of the world?	Like Devatas	51	3
90	Whom were Lakshmana & Shatrugna constantly following?	Lakshmana followed Sri Rama and Shatrugna followed Bharata.	52	3
91	Who came to the assembly where ministers were having a discussion regarding the marriage of Lord Rama?	Vishwamitra	2	4
92	Who provided a seat to Vishwamitra who came to the assembly?	Vasishtha and Dasharatha	3	4
93	Why did Vishwamitra come to see Dasharatha?	To seek protection from demons who were ruining yagas	7	4
94	Whose boon power did the demons who were destroying vishwamitras yaga possess?	Rudradeva	8	4
95	What happened to Dasharatha when Vishwamitra requested Sri Rama to be accompanied to the forest?	He fainted	11	4
96	How many years did Dasharatha suffer without having a son before Rama was born?	9000 years	14	4
97	What did Dasharatha say when he did not agree to send Rama with Vishwamitra?	"Instead I will join you & fight the war " he prayed.	16	4
98	How long did Dasharatha commit to fight with the enemy?	Until his last breath	19	4
99	Kshatriyas should use the body to protect whom?	Protection of Go (cow) & Brahmana	19	4
100	What was Vishwamitra's situation when Dasharatha did not agree to send Rama?	He was glowing with fire	20	4
101	What did Vasishtha say to Dasharatha when Vishwamitra got angry?	Dasharatha has to keep up his word	21	4
102	What will happen if Lord Rama gets angry?	The 14 worlds can burn (Note: Drama since the Lord does not have the defect of anger.)	23	4
103	Who knew about the hundreds of weapons, created by a Dakshakanya, named Jaya Suprabha?	Vishwamitra	25	4
104	Why did Dasharatha send Rama-Lakshmana?	Guided by Vashishtha (* Vasishtha = Acharya of Dasaratha)	27	4

105	What did Vishwamitra say to Rama after crossing Sarayu river?	He would give two mantras Bala & Atibala	31	4
106	Who gave the two mantras Bala-Atibala to Vishwamitra?	Lord Brahma	31	4
107	What is the power of Bala-Atibala mantras?	Satisfies hunger and thirst	31	4
108	Why did the omniscient Lord receive mantra upadesha from Vishwamitra?	To convey to the world, the etiquette, that knowledge should be obtained from a guru.	32	4
109	Where did Rama Lakshmana stay near Sarayu-Ganga river confluence?	in Ananga's ashram	34	4
110	Who is Ananga?	Manmatha (Cupid)		
111	The reason why the ashram got the name Anangashram?	Because it is this place, that Manmatha lost his limbs, due to the flame of Rudradeva's sight.	35	4
112	Which place did Rama Lakshmana encounter when he crossed the river Ganga? What was the name of that forest before? By whose grace was the country developed?	Fierce forest Taatakavana. Karushadesha. By the mercy of Indra. .	36-40	4
113	Who is the father, husband, son of Taataka? What kind of strength did Tataka have?	Yaksha named Sukethu, Sunda, Maaricha respectively. Strength of 10,000 elephants and immortality due to Brahma's boon.	40-42	4
114	Why did Taataka obtain the demon form?	Curse of Agastya	42	4
115	What was the merciless Taataka doing?	She used to eat cows & Brahmanas	43	4
116	What did Vishwamitra show to Rama & Lakshmana in Tatakavana?	The leftover pile of Brahmins' skulls and bones of cows after demons meals.	43	4
117	What happened to Taataka when Sri Rama rung back the bow?	Her eardrum burned	45	4
118	What was Sri Rama's reaction when Taataka approached him with her big mouth open ?	Rama stood bravely without fear	47	4
119	What did Sri Rama do when the illusionary Taataka showered heaps of dust and stones on Sri Rama?	He cut off her hands.	49	4
120	What did Lakshmana do to Taataka?	He sliced off her lips and nose	50	4
121	What did Tataka do when Lakshmana attacked her?	Invisibly she showered weapons at him	50	4
122	Why did Rama hesitate to kill Taataka?	It is not good to torture women		
123	What would have happened if Taataka had not been killed for being a women?	Many pious people would have been killed by her.		
124	What did Vishwamitra say to Sri Rama who was skeptical about killing a women?	Kill-kill this evil women.	51	4
125	How did Sri Rama kill Taataka?	Hit her chest with his arrow	53	4
126	Who showered flowers on Sri Rama who killed Taataka?	Group of devatas	54	4

127	Why did Vishwamitra preach to the omniscient Lord Rama?	Brahmana's dharma.	3	5
128	Who is Gadhi's son?.	Vishwamitra	7	5
129	What did the presiding devathas of the weapons (astras) say to Lord Rama?	We are your servants	4	5
130	The lord himself incarnated as the son of Aditi Kashyapa. Who was he?	Vamana	9	5
131	Who is the mother of Vivasvaan (Sun)?	Aditi	26	5
132	Who was Manu, the son of Vivasvaan?	Shraddhadeva	27	5
133	Who are the great kings who came from Shraddhadeva's lineage?	Ikshakwaaku etc.	27	5

Krishnaarpanamastu

12/12/2023 R1 S.R- 22 A

K.M 12A,13Q,14A,21A,59A,66A,75A,53A